

PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 9

You scored 35 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 9y = 4 \sec(3x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 \sin(3x) + C_2 \cos(3x) + \frac{4}{3} x \sin(3x) + \frac{4}{9} \sin(3x) \ln(|\cos(3x)|)$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \frac{4}{3} x \sin(3x) - \frac{4}{9} \cos(3x) \ln(|\cos(3x)|)$
- c) $y = C_1 \sin(3x) + C_2 \cos(3x) + \frac{4}{3} x \cos(3x) + \frac{4}{9} \cos(3x) \ln(|\cos(3x)|)$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \frac{4}{3} \sin(3x) + \frac{4}{9} \cos(3x) \ln(|\cos(3x)|)$
- e) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \frac{4}{3} \sin(3x) + \frac{4}{9} \sin(3x) \ln(|\cos(3x)|)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 2

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 16y = -5 \cos(3x) - 2 \sin(3x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 \sin(4x) + C_2 \cos(4x) - \frac{2}{7} \cos(3x) + \frac{3}{7} x \sin(3x)$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 e^{-4x} - \frac{5}{7} \cos(3x) - \frac{2}{7} \sin(3x)$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 e^{-4x} - \frac{5}{7} \cos(3x) + \frac{2}{7} \sin(3x)$
- d) $y = C_1 \sin(4x) + C_2 \cos(4x) - \frac{5}{7} \cos(3x) - \frac{2}{7} \sin(3x)$

- e) $y = C_1 \sin(4x) + C_2 \cos(4x) - \frac{5}{7} \cos(3x) + \frac{2}{7} \sin(3x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 3

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 4y' + 5y = e^x \cos(2x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 e^x \cos(2x) + C_2 e^x \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{30} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{1}{15} \sin(2x) e^x$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{-2x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{-2x} \sin(x) - \frac{1}{30} e^x \cos(2x) - \frac{1}{15} \sin(2x) e^x$
- c) $y = C_1 e^x \cos(2x) + C_2 e^x \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{30} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{15} \sin(2x) e^x$
- d) $y = \frac{1}{30} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{15} \sin(2x) e^x + C_1 \cos(2x) + C_2 \sin(x)$
- e) $y = C_1 e^{-2x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{-2x} \sin(x) + \frac{1}{30} e^x \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{15} \sin(2x) e^x$
- f) None of the above.

Question 4

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Give the form of a particular solution of the differential equation

$$y'' - 2y' - 15y = -3 \cos(2x) - 2e^{5x} + 3$$

- a) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + C e^{5x} + Ex$
- b) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + C e^{5x} + E$
- c) $z = A \cos(2x) + B e^{5x} + C$
- d) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + Cx e^{5x} + E$
- e) $z = A \cos(2x) + Bx e^{5x} + C$

f) None of the above.

Question 5

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the form of a particular solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = e^{-5x} \sin(2x) + 2e^{-3x} - 3x$$

- a) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Ce^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- b) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx^2 e^{-3x} + Ex$
- c) $z = Ae^{-5x} \cos(2x) + Be^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx^2 e^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- d) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Ce^{-3x} + Ex$
- e) $z = Ae^{-5x} \cos(2x) + Be^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx e^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- f) None of the above.

Question 6

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Find the general solution of

$$y^{(4)} + 4y''' + 12y'' - 4y' - 13y = 0$$

given that $r_1 = -2 + 3i$ is a root of the characteristic equation.

- a) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{-x} + C_3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) + C_4 e^{3x} \sin(-2x)$
- b) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 x e^x + C_3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) + C_4 e^{-2x} \sin(3x)$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 x e^{-x} + C_3 e^{3x} \cos(-2x) + C_4 e^{3x} \sin(-2x)$
- d) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{-x} + C_3 e^{-2x} \cos(3x) + C_4 e^{-2x} \sin(3x)$
- e) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{-x} + C_3 e^{3x} \cos(-2x) + C_4 e^{3x} \sin(-2x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 7

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Find the homogeneous equation with constant coefficients that has the given general solution

$$y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x} + C_3 e^x \cos(2x) + C_4 e^x \sin(2x)$$

- a) $y^{(4)} + 2y''' + y'' + 12y' + 20y = 0$
- b) $y^{(4)} - 2y''' + y'' - 2y' + y = 0$
- c) $y''' - 2y'' + y' - 12y + 20 = 0$
- d) $y^{(4)} + 6y''' + 9y'' - 4y' - 12y = 0$
- e) $y^{(4)} - 6y''' + 17y'' - 28y' + 20y = 0$
- f) None of the above.

Question 8

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Find the general solution of the nonhomogeneous equation

$$y''' - 3y'' + 4y' - 12y = e^x + 3$$

- a) $y = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 \cos(2x) + C_3 \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{10} e^x$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 \cos(2x) + C_3 \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5} e^x$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 \cos(2x) + C_3 \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{10} e^x$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 \cos(2x) + C_3 \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{10} e^x$
- e) $y = C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 \cos(2x) + C_3 \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{10} e^x$
- f) None of the above.

Question 9

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the Laplace transform for

$$f(x) = 3x e^{2x} + 4 e^{-2x} \cos(5x)$$

- a) $F(s) = \frac{6}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{4(s+2)}{(s+2)^2+25}$
- b) $F(s) = \frac{3}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{4(s+2)}{(s+2)^2+25}$
- c) $F(s) = \frac{3}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{20}{(s+2)^2+25}$
- d) $F(s) = \frac{3}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{4(s+2)}{(s+2)^2+5}$
- e) $F(s) = \frac{3}{s-2} + \frac{4(s+2)}{(s+2)^2+25}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 10

Your answer is CORRECT.

Give the Laplace transform of the solution to

$$[y'' + 3y' + 16y = 4 + 4e^{-3x}, \quad y(0) = -3, \quad y'(0) = -6]$$

- a) $Y(s) = \frac{8}{(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} + \frac{12}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} - \frac{3(s+3)}{s^2+3s+16} - \frac{6}{s^2+3s+16}$
- b) $Y(s) = \frac{8}{(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} + \frac{12}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} - \frac{3(s+3)}{s^2+3s+16} + \frac{6}{s^2+3s+16}$
- c) $Y(s) = \frac{8}{(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} + \frac{12}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} - \frac{15}{s^2+3s+16}$
- d) $Y(s) = \frac{8}{(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} + \frac{12}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} - \frac{3}{s^2+3s+16}$
- e) $Y(s) = \frac{8}{(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} + \frac{12}{s(s+3)(s^2+3s+16)} - \frac{3(s-3)}{s^2+3s+16} + \frac{6}{s^2+3s+16}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 11

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Find

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{-5s - 4}{s^2 + 9} \right]$$

- a) $-\frac{5}{3} \cos(3x) - \frac{4}{3} \sin(3x)$
- b) $-\frac{4}{3} \cos(3x) - 5 \sin(3x)$
- c) $-5 \cos(3x) - \frac{4}{3} \sin(3x)$
- d) $-5 \cos(3x) - 4 \sin(3x)$
- e) $-5 e^{3x} - \frac{4}{3} x e^{3x}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 12

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the inverse Laplace Transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{8s^2 - 10 - s}{(s + 3)(s^2 + 4)}$$

as a function of t .

- a) $y(t) = \frac{5}{3} e^{3t} - 3 \cos(2t) + 5 \sin(2t)$
- b) $y(t) = -5 e^{3t} + 3 \cos(2t) - 5 \sin(2t)$
- c) $y(t) = 5 e^{-3t} + 3 \cos(2t) - 5 \sin(2t)$
- d) $y(t) = e^{-3t} - 3 \cos(2t) + 5 \sin(2t)$
- e) $y(t) = 10 e^{-3t} - 5 \cos(2t) + 3 \sin(2t)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 13

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Use the Laplace transform to solve the initial-value problem:

$$[y'' + 5y' + 4y = 4e^{-5x}, \quad y(0) = 5, \quad y'(0) = 2]$$

- a) $y(x) = \frac{19}{3}e^{-x} + e^{-5x} - \frac{7}{3}e^{-4x}$
- b) $y(x) = \frac{23}{3}e^{-x} + e^{-5x} - \frac{11}{3}e^{-4x}$
- c) $y(x) = \frac{28}{3}e^{-x} + e^{-5x} - \frac{31}{3}e^{-4x}$
- d) $y(x) = 8e^{-x} + e^{-5x} - 9e^{-4x}$
- e) $y(x) = -\frac{31}{3}e^{-x} + e^{-5x} + \frac{43}{3}e^{-4x}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 14

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the Laplace transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -3x^2 & 0 \leq x \text{ and } x < 4 \\ 2 & 4 \leq x \end{cases}$$

- a) $F(s) = -\frac{6}{s^3} + e^{-4s} \left(\frac{6}{s^3} + \frac{24}{s^2} + \frac{50}{s} \right)$
- b) $F(s) = -\frac{3}{s^3} + e^{-4s} \left(\frac{15}{s^3} - \frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{8}{s} \right)$
- c) $F(s) = -\frac{2}{s^3} + e^{-4s} \left(-\frac{9}{s^3} + \frac{3}{s^2} + \frac{20}{s} \right)$
- d) $F(s) = -\frac{1}{s^3} + e^{-4s} \left(\frac{5}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{20}{s} \right)$
- e) $F(s) = -\frac{1}{s^3} + e^{-4s} \left(-\frac{3}{s^3} - \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{18}{s} \right)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 15

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the inverse Laplace transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{-3s + (s - 3)e^{-\pi s}}{s^2 + 25}$$

as a function of x .

Note: The function u below is the unit step function, which is also known as the *Heaviside* function.

- a) $f(x) = -3 \sin(5x) - 2u(x - \pi) \cos(5x) + \frac{4}{5}u(x - \pi) \sin(5x)$
- b) $f(x) = -3 \cos(5x) - u(x - \pi) \cos(5x) + \frac{2}{5}u(x - \pi) \sin(5x)$
- c) $f(x) = -3 \cos(5x) - u(x - \pi) \cos(5x) + \frac{3}{5}u(x - \pi) \sin(5x)$
- d) $f(x) = -3 \sin(5x) - u(x - \pi) \cos(5x) + \frac{2}{5}u(x - \pi) \sin(5x)$
- e) $f(x) = -3e^{5x} - u(x - \pi) \cos(5x) + u(x - \pi) \sin(5x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 16

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Determine if the following matrix is in reduced row echelon form. If not, give reasons why not.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) No, the first nonzero entry in row 2 is not 1.
- b) Yes.
- c) No, the leading 1 in the first row is not the only nonzero entry in its column.
- d) No, the leading 1 in the third row is not the only nonzero entry in its column.
- e) None of the above.

Question 17

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y - 2z = 2 \\ 4x - 2y + 2z = -3 \\ -x + 2y + 3z = -2 \end{cases}$$

a) $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 4 & 3 \\ 0 & 20 & 0 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$

b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{11}{20} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{11}{20} \end{bmatrix}$

c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{11}{20} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{11}{20} \end{bmatrix}$

d) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{11}{20} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{4} \end{bmatrix}$

e) $\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 0 & 0 & -11 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 20 & -11 \end{bmatrix}$

f) None of the above.

Question 18

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3 + 2x_4 = 4 \\ -4x_2 - x_3 - 2x_4 = -4 \\ 3x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 - 2x_4 = 3 \end{cases}$$

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -3 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & -4 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 & -10 & -13 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{9} & \frac{49}{36} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{11}{18} & \frac{83}{72} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{9} & -\frac{11}{18} \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{7}{6} & \frac{7}{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{11}{12} & \frac{37}{24} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{5}{3} & -\frac{13}{6} \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{9} & \frac{53}{18} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{5}{18} & \frac{13}{36} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{8}{9} & \frac{23}{9} \end{bmatrix}$$

e)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & -4 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 & 8 & 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

f) None of the above.

Question 19

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this homogeneous system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 - 4x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 = 0 \\ -2x_2 + 2x_4 = 0 \\ -3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 & -1 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 20 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & -16 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{22}{7} & -\frac{10}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{20}{7} & -\frac{4}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -14 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -10 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

e)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{26}{7} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{16}{7} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

f) None of the above.

Question 20

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

For what values of a does the system below have nontrivial solutions?

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 3y - 2z = 0 \\ -6x + ay + 4z = 0 \\ 2x + 4y + 4z = 0 \end{cases}$$

a) -4

b) 6

c) -2

d) 2

e) 3

f) None of the above.