

PRINTABLE VERSION

Quiz 9

You scored 25 out of 100

Question 1

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 9y = -5 \tan(3x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \frac{5}{9} \sin(3x) \ln(\sec(3x) + \tan(3x))$
- b) $y = C_1 \sin(3x) + C_2 \cos(3x) + \frac{5}{9} \sin(3x) \ln(\sec(3x) - \tan(3x))$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \frac{5}{9} \cos(3x) \ln(\sec(3x) + \tan(3x))$
- d) $y = C_1 \sin(3x) + C_2 \cos(3x) + \frac{5}{9} \cos(3x) \ln(\sec(3x) + \tan(3x))$
- e) $y = C_1 \sin(3x) + C_2 \cos(3x) + \frac{5}{9} \sin(3x) \ln(\sec(3x) + \tan(3x))$
- f) None of the above.

Question 2

Your answer is INCORRECT.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 4y = -4 \cos(6x) + 3 \sin(6x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 \sin(2x) + C_2 \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(6x) - \frac{3}{32} \sin(6x)$
- b) $y = C_1 \sin(2x) + C_2 \cos(2x) + \frac{1}{8} \cos(6x) + \frac{3}{32} \sin(6x)$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{8} \cos(6x) - \frac{3}{32} \sin(6x)$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-2x} + \frac{1}{8} \cos(6x) + \frac{3}{32} \sin(6x)$

- e) $y = C_1 \sin(2x) + C_2 \cos(2x) - \frac{3}{32} \cos(6x) - \frac{3}{16} x \sin(6x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 3

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the general solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 2y' + 17y = e^{4x} \cos(x)$$

- a) $y = C_1 e^{-x} \cos(4x) + C_2 e^{-x} \sin(4x) - \frac{1}{170} e^{4x} \sin(x) - \frac{2}{85} e^{4x} \cos(x)$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{-x} \cos(4x) + C_2 e^{-x} \sin(4x) + \frac{1}{170} e^{4x} \sin(x) + \frac{2}{85} e^{4x} \cos(x)$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{4x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{4x} \sin(x) + \frac{1}{170} e^{4x} \sin(x) + \frac{2}{85} e^{4x} \cos(x)$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{4x} \cos(x) + C_2 e^{4x} \sin(x) - \frac{1}{170} e^{4x} \sin(x) - \frac{2}{85} e^{4x} \cos(x)$
- e) $y = \frac{1}{170} e^{4x} \sin(x) + \frac{2}{85} e^{4x} \cos(x) + C_2 \sin(4x) + \cos(x) C_1$
- f) None of the above.

Question 4

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the form of a particular solution of the differential equation

$$y'' - 9y' + 20y = -2 \cos(2x) + 4e^{5x} - 2$$

- a) $z = A \cos(2x) + B e^{5x} + C$
- b) $z = A \cos(2x) + B x e^{5x} + C$
- c) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + C e^{5x} + E$
- d) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + C e^{5x} + E x$
- e) $z = A \cos(2x) + B \sin(2x) + C x e^{5x} + E$

f) None of the above.

Question 5

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the form of a particular solution of the differential equation

$$y'' + 6y' + 9y = e^{-5x} \sin(2x) + 2e^{-3x} - 3x$$

- a) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Ce^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- b) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx^2 e^{-3x} + Ex$
- c) $z = Ae^{-5x} \cos(2x) + Be^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx^2 e^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- d) $z = Ae^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Ce^{-3x} + Ex$
- e) $z = Ae^{-5x} \cos(2x) + Be^{-5x} \sin(2x) + Cx e^{-3x} + Ex + F$
- f) None of the above.

Question 6

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Find the general solution of

$$y''' + 4y'' - 7y' - 10y = 0$$

given that $r_1 = 2$ is a root of the characteristic equation.

- a) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-5x} + C_3 e^x$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^{5x} + C_3 e^x$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-5x} + C_3 x e^{-5x}$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^{5x} + C_3 e^{-x}$
- e) $y = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-5x} + C_3 e^{-x}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 7

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Find the homogeneous equation with constant coefficients of least order that has the following as a solution

$$y = 2e^x + 3\sin(2x) + 2x$$

- a) $y^{(5)} - 4y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 2y'' = 0$
- b) $y^{(5)} - y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 4y'' = 0$
- c) $y^{(5)} - y^{(4)} + 4y''' - 4y'' = 0$
- d) $y^{(5)} + 4y^{(4)} - 4y''' + 2y'' = 0$
- e) $y^{(5)} + y^{(4)} - 4y''' - 4y'' = 0$
- f) None of the above.

Question 8

Your answer is CORRECT.

Find the general solution of the nonhomogeneous equation

$$y''' + 4y'' + 9y' + 36y = e^x + 2$$

- a) $y = C_1 e^{-4x} + C_2 \cos(3x) + C_3 \sin(3x) + \frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{50} e^x$
- b) $y = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 \cos(3x) + C_3 \sin(3x) + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{25} e^x$
- c) $y = C_1 e^{-3x} + C_2 \cos(3x) + C_3 \sin(3x) - \frac{1}{18} - \frac{1}{50} e^x$
- d) $y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 \cos(3x) + C_3 \sin(3x) + \frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{50} e^x$
- e) $y = C_1 e^{4x} + C_2 \cos(3x) + C_3 \sin(3x) - \frac{1}{18} - \frac{1}{50} e^x$
- f) None of the above.

Question 9

Your answer is CORRECT.

Give the Laplace transform for

$$f(x) = 3e^{-x} - 4\sin(3x)$$

- a) $F(s) = -\frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{12}{s^2+9}$
- b) $F(s) = \frac{3}{s+1} - \frac{12}{s^2+9}$
- c) $F(s) = \frac{3}{s(s+1)} - \frac{12}{s(s^2+9)}$
- d) $F(s) = \frac{3}{2(s+1)} - \frac{6}{s^2+9}$
- e) $F(s) = \frac{3}{4(s+1)} - \frac{3}{s^2+9}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 10

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the Laplace transform of the solution to

$$[y' + 4y = 5 \cos(2x), \quad y(0) = 2]$$

- a) $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{s^2+4} + 2$
- b) $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{(s^2+4)(s-4)} + \frac{2}{s-4}$
- c) $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{(s^2+4)(s+4)} - \frac{2}{s+4}$
- d) $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{s^2+4} - \frac{2}{s-4}$
- e) $Y(s) = \frac{5s}{(s^2+4)(s+4)} + \frac{2}{s+4}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 11

Your answer is **CORRECT**.

Find

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[-\frac{2}{s} - \frac{3}{s-5} \right]$$

- a) $-2 - 3e^{5x}$
- b) $-2x - 3e^{5x}$
- c) $-2x - 3\cos(5x)$
- d) $-2 - 3\cos(5x)$
- e) $-2e^x - 3\cos(5x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 12**Your answer is INCORRECT.**

Find

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{5}{s^2 - 6s + 34} \right]$$

- a) $e^{3x} \cos(5x)$
- b) $e^{3x} \sin(5x)$
- c) $e^{-3x} \sin(5x)$
- d) $e^{-3x} \cos(5x)$
- e) $e^{3x} \sin(5x) + e^{3x} \cos(5x)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 13**Your answer is CORRECT.**

Give the Laplace transform of the solution to

$$[y' + 2y = 5e^{4x} - 3\sin(3x), \quad y(0) = 4]$$

- a) $Y(s) = \frac{5}{(s+2)(s-4)} - \frac{9}{(s+2)(s^2+9)} + \frac{4}{s+2}$
- b) $Y(s) = \frac{5}{(s-2)(s-4)} - \frac{9}{(s-2)(s^2+9)} + \frac{4}{s-2}$
- c) $Y(s) = \frac{5}{(s+2)(s-4)} - \frac{9}{(s+2)(s^2+9)} - \frac{4}{s+2}$
- d) $Y(s) = \frac{5}{s-4} - \frac{9}{s^2+9} + 4$
- e) $Y(s) = \frac{5}{s-4} - \frac{9}{s^2+9} - \frac{4}{s-2}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 14

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the Laplace transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -4x - 4 & 0 \leq x \text{ and } x < 3 \\ 3 & 3 \leq x \end{cases}$$

- a) $F(s) = -\frac{3}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s} + e^{-3s} \left(-\frac{4}{s} - \frac{2}{s^2} \right)$
- b) $F(s) = -\frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} + e^{-3s} \left(-\frac{3}{s} + \frac{2}{s^2} \right)$
- c) $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{1}{s} + e^{3s} \left(-\frac{1}{s} + \frac{2}{s^2} \right)$
- d) $F(s) = -\frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} + e^{-3s} \left(\frac{6}{s} + \frac{3}{s^2} \right)$
- e) $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} + e^{-3s} \left(-\frac{2}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right)$
- f) None of the above.

Question 15

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Give the inverse Laplace transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{4s - 2e^{-2s}}{s(s+2)}$$

as a function of x .

Note: The function u below is the unit step function, which is also known as the *Heaviside* function.

- a) $f(x) = -2e^{2x} + 1 - u(x+2) - e^{2x+4} + e^{2x+4}u(x+2)$
- b) $f(x) = 2e^{-2x} + 2u(x-2) - 2u(x-2)e^{-2x+4}$
- c) $f(x) = 5e^{-2x} + \frac{3}{2}u(x-2) - \frac{3}{2}u(x-2)e^{-2x+4}$
- d) $f(x) = -2e^{-2x} - \frac{3}{2}u(x-2) + \frac{3}{2}u(x-2)e^{-2x+4}$
- e) $f(x) = -2e^{-2x} + u(x-2) - u(x-2)e^{-2x+4}$
- f) None of the above.

Question 16

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Determine if the following matrix is in reduced row echelon form. If not, give reasons why not.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- a) No, the leading 1 in the second row is not the only nonzero entry in its column.
- b) Yes.
- c) No, the first nonzero entry in row 2 is not 1.
- d) No, the leading 1 in the first row is not the only nonzero entry in its column.
- e) None of the above.

Question 17

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{bmatrix} x + 2y - 3z = -4 \\ 4x + 3y + z = 2 \\ -x + 3y + z = 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $\begin{bmatrix} 11 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 11 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$

b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{16}{11} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{11} \end{bmatrix}$

c) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{16}{11} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

d) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 11 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 11 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$

e) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{16}{11} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{2}{11} \end{bmatrix}$

f) None of the above.

Question 18

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 - 4x_4 = -3 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 - 4x_4 = -2 \\ -2x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 - 4x_4 = -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 4 & 3 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & \frac{10}{3} & -1 & -\frac{16}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{26}{5} & -\frac{12}{5} & -\frac{13}{5} \end{bmatrix}$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{2}{13} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{19}{13} & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{6}{13} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{4}{41} & \frac{16}{41} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{62}{41} & -\frac{39}{41} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{16}{41} & \frac{18}{41} \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 & -\frac{3}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 6 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

e)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & -3 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -1 & -\frac{8}{3} & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 12 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

f) None of the above.

Question 19

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

Which of the following gives the correct matrix for this homogeneous system of equations in reduced row echelon form?

$$\begin{bmatrix} -x_1 - 4x_2 - x_3 - 4x_4 = 0 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 - 3x_4 = 0 \\ -2x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_3 = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{7}{20} & -\frac{1}{10} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{11}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -4 & -1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 & -4 & -11 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{22}{3} & -\frac{73}{6} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & -2 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 18 & 6 & 13 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{13}{3} & -\frac{79}{18} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 1 & -4 & -3 \\ 0 & 10 & -4 & 5 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -\frac{11}{2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

e)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{17}{39} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{5}{13} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{79}{78} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

f) None of the above.

Question 20

Your answer is **INCORRECT**.

For what values of a does the system below have nontrivial solutions?

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2x + 3y - z = 0 \\ -8x + ay - 4z = 0 \\ 2x + 3y - 3z = 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) -4

b) -12

- c) 4
- d) 3
- e) 12
- f) None of the above.